

CAHI MONTHLY NEWS



Presidents Corner

I hope everyone had a fantastic 4th of July. I know that it is very easy to lose track of the real reasons we celebrate holidays, but I for one am still appreciative of this country and our independence. Independence Day commemorates the passage of the Declaration of Independence by the Continental Congress on July 4, 1776. The Congress had voted in favor of independence from Great Britain on July 2 but did not actually complete the process of revising the Declaration of Independence, originally drafted by Thomas Jefferson in consultation with fellow committee members John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman, and William Livingston, until two days later.

The “holiday” has been celebrated ever since. I am sure that early on the reason for celebrating still rang true but over time it became known as a day off from work and a time to have cookouts, libations, fireworks and fun. There is nothing wrong with that, as long as you understand the value of this independence we have.

Our independence gave me the ability to start a business and be my own boss, schedule my work around my family events and I cannot put a price tag on that. That my friends is true independence. I’m not going to lie; I am also appreciative of being able to have some food and a few beers with family and friends to celebrate our independence.

Sometimes our independence can be taken for granted. Things can happen in life that challenge it, individually if not the country as a whole, that may make us sometimes doubt it and sometimes appreciate it more than ever. This America we live in currently did not secede from Great Britain and become a nation, but this America must stay the course and ensure that independence no matter what.

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Meeting Dates!

July 27th

**CT Basement Systems in Seymour
Foundation Repairs**
Early Start with Food at 6 pm

.....

**August
No Meeting**

.....

Sept 28th

**Bartlett Tree Experts
Problematic Trees**

MONTHLY MEETINGS – Details & Info

CAHI’s regular monthly meetings are held at the Best Western located at 201 Washington Ave (RT 5), North Haven. Meetings are also broadcast via Zoom.

Meetings are still free to members but RESERVATIONS are a MUST.

Reservations can be made at our CAHI website.

Most meetings are on the fourth Wednesday of the month from 7-9pm. Guests are always welcome! Guests may attend 2 free monthly meetings to experience our presentations, meet our members, and receive a CE attendance certificate. Joining CAHI may be done at anytime of the year through our Membership Page.

Presidents Message Continued:

In our profession, our business independence is challenged on occasion. So we put our nose to the grind stone, dig in and move on. We are in a challenging time right now, on SO many levels. Let's meet the challenges and set the future of our independence.

Stan

"Be the kind of person who dares to face life's challenges and overcome them rather than dodging them." — Roy T. Bennett, The Light in the Heart

It is the boards pleasure to announce the recipients for the 2022 scholarship awards!

Ms. Kristina Poynton

334 Burton Rd., Beacon Falls, CT 06403

is studying psychology at Sacred Heart University, Fairfield, CT

Ms. Stephanie Poynton

334 Burton Rd., Beacon Falls, CT 06403

is studying business at Coastal Carolina University, Conway, SC

Ms. Kellie Dattilo

18 Seneca Manor Dr., Seneca Falls, NY 13148

is pursuing a career as a chiropractor

at Northeast College of Health Sciences, Seneca Falls, NY

All three students are high achievers academically and are actively involved with their school and communities. We are proud to support them in their educational efforts and are confident they will be successful in their future endeavors!

CAHI Helps Make a Difference

For several years CAHI has made cash donations to worthy organizations here in CT. We supported the CT Veterans Administration Stand Down event for several years, sports programs for the youth and Habitat for Humanity.

This year your CAHI gift money was given to three very deserving programs. The links for these organizations are provided for you to learn more about each.

Gaylord Specialty Care

Gaylord Specialty Care will use our donation to help fund much needed outpatient therapy. Board Member Jeff Poynton helped coordinate this gift.

<https://www.gaylord.org/>



Homes for Our Troops

Homes for Our Troops has already broken ground on new construction for a complete access home in Cheshire. This home will be given to Marine Corporal Roger Rua, a severely injured Marine.

<https://www.hfotusa.org/building-homes/veterans/rua/>

CPL ROGER RUA

CHESHIRE, CT



Kelly's Kids

Kelly's Kids is a CT based organization operating in Prospect. They help children with after school and summer activities. The activities make use of various forms of Animal Therapy.

<https://www.kellyskids.org/>



FLOORING



A Radical Approach to Protecting Finished Floors Applying finish to the floor at the start of a job is unconventional, but it saves time when you need it most

BY MICHAEL PURSER

For a wood flooring-refinishing contractor, one of the biggest drawbacks is coming in dead last in the sequence of building trades on a work site. We come behind everyone else when there is little time, patience, or money to go around. At the core of the problem are turf wars, since the areas we need to work on are the same areas others need to tread on to do their job. In an effort to create harmony on the jobsite and reduce friction, contractors and homeowners will delay work on the floors until the very end of a project. That concept may be good in theory, but in reality, it often deprives us, the wood flooring contractors, the time needed to do our work and creates even greater chaos for everyone when we are finally allowed on-site.

Photos by Michael Purser

About 15 years ago, a contractor friend of mine and I asked some “what if” questions about the sequencing of various trades and how this impacted the continuity of the work, especially the last 10%—that infamous finish stage. We decided to move floor refinishing work in the schedule so that instead of its being the last task on-site, it would happen just after the drywall went up and was mudded. We experimented with this variation on kitchen remodels because those gave us the most accurate overview of how this might impact a project. Instead of working around cabinets, appliances, islands, toe-kick space, and many corners, nooks, and crannies, my helper and I walked into a rectangular room with four corners and sanded and refinished the entire room.

PROTECTING FINISHED FLOORS



The author often wraps finished floors with a dense paper product such as Ram Board (1). One trick is to flip the paper over so the curl faces down. Courses then butt easily and can be taped (2). For stairs, the author prefers cushioned foam products, such as Albert Floorotex (3), which sticks without leaving residue or damaging fine finishes.

Aside from the work going more quickly, this also resulted in a stained and protected surface under everything. My typical finish process always called for two seal coats over the stain followed by two topcoat applications, or four applications total. We then put down floor protection, leaving spaces for the placement of cabinets and appliances, and let the other trades do their thing.

I held off on the final application until everything else was installed and all the finish work completed. At that point, I walked into the room, removed the floor protection (which we saved for the next job), prepped the floor, and made the final application. To say this was a success would be an understatement. The difference it made coordinating the other trades and installations left us gobsmacked, and we've never looked back.

I have carried this approach into the bulk of my business, which centers on historic restoration and preservation of old wood floors. Some of these projects have been massive in nature and work was often done in phases over years. Like on other remodeling jobs, the scheduling of trades was often an issue. Once again, conventional wisdom put all wood floor work at the end of the schedule, so implementing my new approach was not an easy sell until I was able to show the principals photos and the positive impact and flexibility that rearranging the wood floor work can have on scheduling the other artisans and craftspeople involved in the project. Finish work

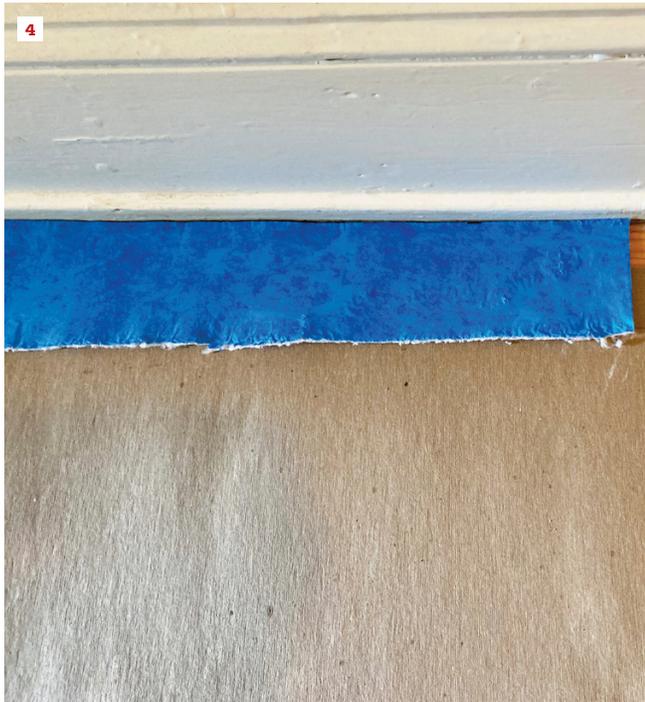
with new construction, remodeling, or restoration all produced the same challenges: lack of time and options when you needed them most. By repositioning wood-floor restoration much earlier in the process, the painstaking restoration of other surfaces and objects could proceed over a fully protected and restored wood floor. We proved that some things written in stone can be erased.

NEXT-GENERATION FLOOR PROTECTION

For those of you who've scratched a bald spot on your head trying to figure out how we accomplished this, the answer is easy—there's been a quantum leap made in options for protecting floors. A new generation of products for protecting floors started coming on the market around 15 years ago. Since then, the offerings have expanded. Not only do these products address our needs, but most of them are also produced from recycled materials, which only sweetens the pot. They vary in composition, but all have the same goal: to protect what they cover from most materials, liquids, and activities taking place on the surface.

Heavy-duty, dense paper products. These were some of the earliest protective materials to come on the market. The two most well-known products that I'm aware of are Ram Board and FlexBoard by Protective Products.

Ram Board is sold through retail outlets, and FlexBoard is available



To allow other trades access to work on baseboards, the author may cut the cushioned film products into strips (4) and use them to cover a gap in the dense paper products covering the field of a room. A fabric runner, such as Dura Runner (5), works well for walk-on and walk-off mats at entrances to minimize the tracking in of debris and moisture.

online through the Protective Products website. Both are in the same thickness category, 45 mils, and come in rolls. For contractors, they offer different widths—38 inches for Ram Board and 32 inches for FlexBoard—that both come 100 feet in length. Ram Board offers a “home version” that’s 36 inches wide by 50 feet long and around 38 mils thick, but I’ve always used the beefier option. These are my go-to products, as they lay down easily and are quick to install.

I typically roll the paper out and then flip it over so the curled ends face down, enabling it to flatten more quickly. The side edges of the paper are precision cut, making it easy to abut the next piece. To avoid movement, I tape the long parallel edge seams for stability, running the tape continuously to keep fine particles from getting under the paper. A wide seam tape offers excellent protection from premature damage from foot traffic you find on work sites. Both Ram Board and FlexBoard provide protection from spills and contact with various types of liquids.

Lightweight, flexible, and cushioned polyester film. Products in this category offer some options that the dense paper products don’t. I’m familiar with two: Albert’s Floorotex and Protective Products’ Econo Runner, both available online. They come in rolls that vary in widths (40 inches for the Floorotex and 32 inches for the Econo Runner) and generous lengths. Both are flexible and have a thin polyester film on top attached to a thin cushioned material.

Most important for me is the light tacky material on the bottom that allows the products to grip a surface without removing the finish or leaving a sticky residue. They both have excellent resistance to moisture, while allowing what’s beneath them to continue curing. I’ve made good use of them on freshly refinished stair treads and landings where slipping would be a hazard with a paper product. I often cut this material into 3- to 5-inch strips. When I put down the dense paper products in the field of a room, I leave a gap at the perimeter to cover with the flexible film. The film can then be pulled back to allow other trades to work on baseboards, molding, and curved surfaces.

Soft fabric runners with non-slip backing. This material has multiple uses for me and all are good. The brand I am most familiar with is Dura Runner by Protective Products and I order it online. It has a felt-like surface on top of a waterproof backing that helps prevent slippage but doesn’t have adhesion.

I love to use this for walk-off mats at the main exterior entrance. I cut it into 6-foot lengths and place one outside and often another inside to minimize the amount of debris and moisture that is tracked in. In a fully furnished home, I like to use the same length outside areas where I’m working, so I don’t track anything from that area onto antique rugs, carpeting, or other hard surface materials. Since the strips are lightweight and easily portable, I place two to three next to each other to create a protected surface of about

PROTECTING FINISHED FLOORS



The author restored the floors in Henry and Clara Ford's billiard room at the start of an extensive renovation to the Ford's home, Fair Lane. After the floor was wrapped with paper and fully taped hardboard, the room became the staging site for the other trades.

12 square feet for placing equipment and materials. I have had several of these walk-off mats for a long time, as you can easily clean them with a broom and take them to the next project.

Hardboard. This one is an oldie but goodie. I've been around so long I call it Masonite; the younger generations call it hardboard. It typically comes in 4x8 sheets, usually in 1/4- and 3/8-inch thicknesses. As with the dense paper, I abut sheets and continuously tape over the seams to help prevent anything getting underneath them. It's the ultimate in protection and well worth the price when a lot of rough work will be done on the job, or when something heavy shows up on the project site. More than once, I have put some under a grand piano and been able to push that sucker wherever I needed to without leaving any indentations on the floor. I don't use it often, but when I do, I'm grateful I did.

A FEW PRECAUTIONS

If you adopt my approach to doing the floor refinishing at the beginning of or during a project, instead of waiting to go in last, here are some things to keep in mind:

Curing. As with all products, make sure you read the technical specs. Finishes should be well into the curing process before being covered. It's best to check with the finish manufacturer about timing as it can vary from product to product.

Sunlight. If you have areas of intense sunlight and UV exposure, avoid putting down partial strips of flooring protection, as you may get some color variations due to fading. Cover the entire floor, or don't cover it at all, to avoid differential fading.

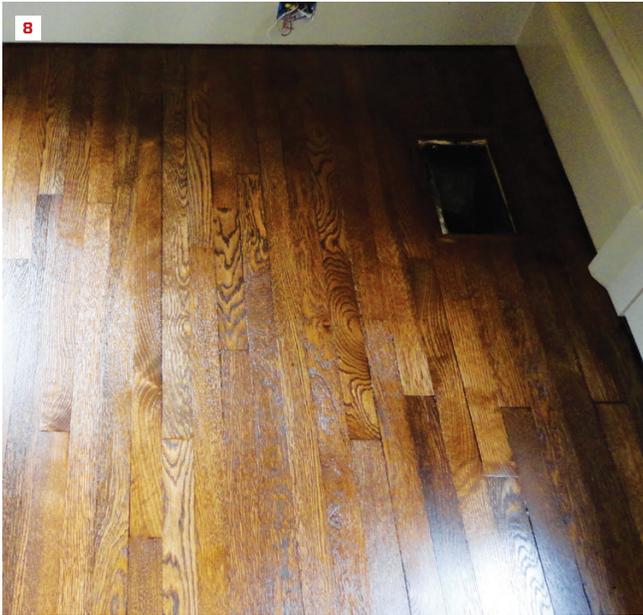
Tape. Never under any circumstances apply any masking tape of any color to the edges of these protective products to keep them in place. It makes no difference if the finishes beneath are old or new. I would extend this warning to other hard flooring materials such as marble, terrazzo, hard tiles, and terracotta, as they may have sealers, waxes, finishes, or acrylics on them that will pull off. In general, putting tape on any hard flooring material is a bad idea.

No one size fits all. I do not rely on any one product for all my protective needs. I use products from all the categories I listed above based on the needs and demands of an area.

WEIGHING THE ECONOMICS

The first time I wrote an article on the pluses of protecting wood floors, I made a mistake. The article was for *Wood Floor Business*, whose readers are primarily wood flooring contractors, manufacturers, and distributors. In the article, I used photos taken from some projects where I had completed my work and then wrapped it to protect it from the building trades that would be following me. The mistake I made was in the examples I used: One of the projects was a \$2.3 million project and the other was my restoration work in Dearborn, Mich., on Henry Ford's home, Fair Lane.

Pushback from the contractors was swift. Whereas I saw the protective products as a means for enhancing the workflow for everyone, they saw it as a perk only for high-profile jobs that would increase what they charged for their clientele, thereby making them less competitive. It was a good point, and I spent a fair amount of time answering their comments in the online version of the article.



After the author sanded, stained, and finished the floor in this master bedroom (8), the room was used as a spray booth for cabinet doors during the course of the renovation (9). Fully taped hardboard over paper protected the flooring.

I was careful to point out that protecting my work was a collaborative effort, and I didn't bear the price alone. I also made it clear that much of my work was in houses in older, inner-city neighborhoods, and the projects were much more modest in scale and price tag. These are the old neighborhoods where there are 100- to 150-year-old houses. My business partner and I work on what I refer to as high-risk floors that cannot be sanded any more, so we are often the only building trade on-site and we make excellent use of protective products. Rarely would any of these projects have a budget of over \$20,000, so I don't consider the cost of the project to be the determining factor in using protective products.

When my contractor friend and I decided to go down the road of rearranging the work of the finish trades, we had a specific goal in mind: to help make the final 10% of the work more fluid and less chaotic. Certainly, there was the additional cost of the protective products, but we learned the real value in creating time when he would need it the most. If you can minimize the potential conflicts wood floor work brings to the end of a project—when punch list items are looming, certificates of occupancy need to be issued, or delays in kitchen cabinets and their hardware are the cause of sleepless nights and ulcers—then there's another metric for measuring the extra costs. We had not anticipated how big a dividend this change would pay out until we tried it. We took a "what if" question and put it into practice, and we've never looked back. When others express skepticism, all I do is point to the pictures and provide them with proof.

One byproduct of this approach is the goodwill it generates.

Aside from the fact you are virtually eliminating the turf wars at the end of a job, homeowners also see the efforts being made to protect their property. Having to explain to homeowners how damage was done to a brand-new surface isn't the way you want to spend your time at any stage of the project, but especially not at the end. You are creating the positive narrative that the homeowner will use in describing your work style to other potential clients, and as the credit-card company says about their service, that's priceless.

FLEXIBILITY IN PLANNING AND EXECUTION

I want readers, especially general contractors, project managers, and job supervisors, to walk away from this article knowing that not everything is written in stone. What I want them to understand is that innovations in materials and products in our world might achieve goals that aren't readily apparent. Temporary protection products give flexibility in planning and executing a project. They open doors you never thought existed and provide options that can exceed everybody's expectations. There is a modest cost for the protection, but the payback in increased options simply makes it a wise investment. On every project where we've flipped the sequence, everyone involved has said they would never go back to the older, outdated method of putting our trade last.

Michael Purser is a second-generation floor finisher based in Atlanta, Ga. He owns The Rosebud Company (rosebudfloors.com), which specializes in the restoration of historic wood floors. You can follow his company projects on Facebook at The Rosebud Company.

How DO You Explain This???

Al Dingfelder

On a recent inspection, I saw this and had to take a picture. It is a broken vent line cover. It was above the deck and looked to be allowing for the powder room ceiling mounted vent fan to exhaust to exterior.



Client was not with me but I started thinking of what questions I might have to answer. What is it?

Easy, it is a rock in the opening of a vent line with a broken cover.

How did it get there? I was tempted to say the kids ran out of tennis balls and were using a rock.

They still hope that Mom and Dad won't notice. Or maybe the owner put it there to block birds from attempts to nest. Best answer would be I don't know.

Is that dangerous? I would not stand under it during an earthquake

How to Operate Your Home Quick Tips Collection

By Tom Feiza III

Tom Feiza III (Mr Fix-It) produces educational tips for home owners. The following sample pages contain the content of some of his tips. (Actual pages layout may be different). For more information and access to his website click [HERE](#).



Mr. Fix-It Home Tips

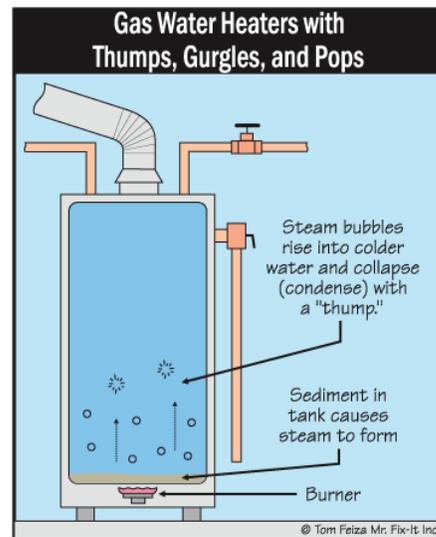
Tom Feiza's Tips For Operating Your Home

Thump, Thump...It's the Water Heater

It's annoying when your water heater thumps, pops and whumps whenever you use hot water. What can you do?

The water heater's thumping is caused by sediment that has built up in the bottom of the metal tank or around the electrical heating elements. The illustration shows a gas water heater with this problem. The sediment interferes with even heat transfer and allows steam bubbles to form. The bubbles float upward and then implode with a muffled thump.

You could try to drain sediment from the bottom of the tank. Attach a hose to the drain valve and route it to a safe plumbing fixture, such as a floor drain. Be careful; the water will be hot. Drain a few gallons; repeat this several times.



W002

Often, though, sediment is difficult to remove from the tank.

The thumping does not cause any damage to the water heater, but it certainly is annoying. Consider installing a water softener to eliminate the hard water sediment.

HOW TO OPERATE YOUR HOME

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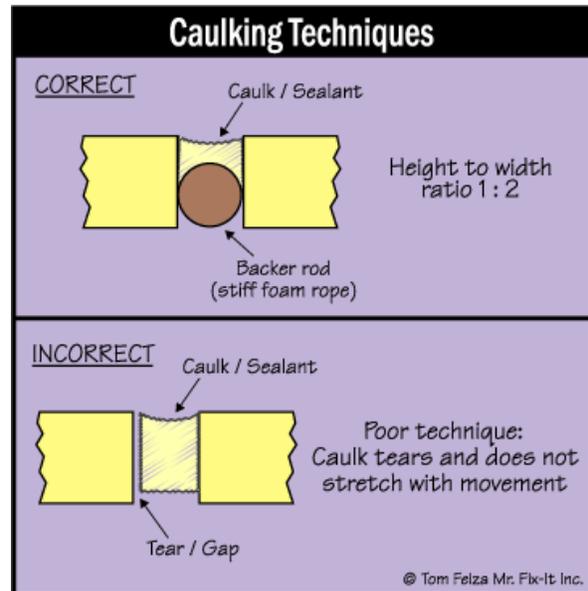


Caulking the Wide Open Spaces

So you filled that wide gap in the exterior trim with the best caulk you could buy, and the next year it had pulled away from one surface, leaving a large gap. Or you tried to fill a wider gap, and the caulk just fell in the hole. What went wrong? No backer rod.

Before professionals fill a large gap with caulk, they bridge the wide opening with a stiff foam backer rod. The backer rod is wide enough so friction holds it just below the gap's surface. The rod supports the caulk applied in an hourglass shape with a height-to-width ratio of about 1:2.

Why? Caulk needs to expand and contract as surfaces move. The hourglass shape allows the caulk to bond to only two surfaces; the narrower section easily expands and contracts with movement. Caulk should never completely fill a space. It should never be applied to three sides or an unbridgeably wide gap, or it will quickly fail. Caulk



M009

can't expand and contract when it is pulled in three directions or when the cross-section is too thick.

You will find backer rods in larger paint and hardware stores. It is sold in lengths like rope, and it comes in various diameters. Choose a diameter that is wider than the gap to be filled, and force the rod into place with a blunt tool or putty knife.

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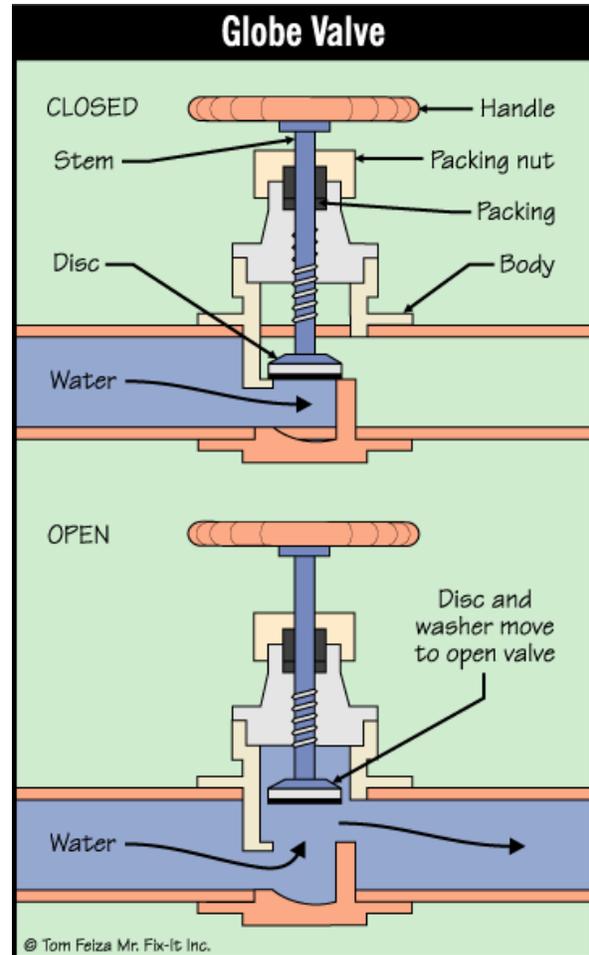
A Drip at the Darned Valve – Again

Let's say that every time you turn the small globe valve for the outdoor hose bib, you get that drip-drip-drip from the body of the valve. Or maybe your drip occurs at the small needle valve for the icemaker or the humidifier – turn the valve, and the darned thing leaks.

Maybe you wire a coffee can below the valve to catch drips, and the problem is solved – until the can overflows onto the floor.

It's time to adjust the packing nut. What's that? Most needle, globe and gate valves have a packing nut that surrounds the valve stem. On these valves you normally turn the handle around and around to control the flow. The valve handle is sealed at the stem with a packing nut and flexible packing below the nut.

The fix? Tighten the hex nut slightly to compress the packing around the valve stem, and the leak will stop. This may make the valve harder to turn, so don't tighten it too much – just enough to stop the drip. If the drip continues, you may need to dismantle the valve and replace the packing, a job often best left to a plumber.



© Tom Feiza Mr. Fix-It Inc.

P009

If you allow a valve to continue dripping, deposits will build up around the valve stem and eventually ruin the valve.

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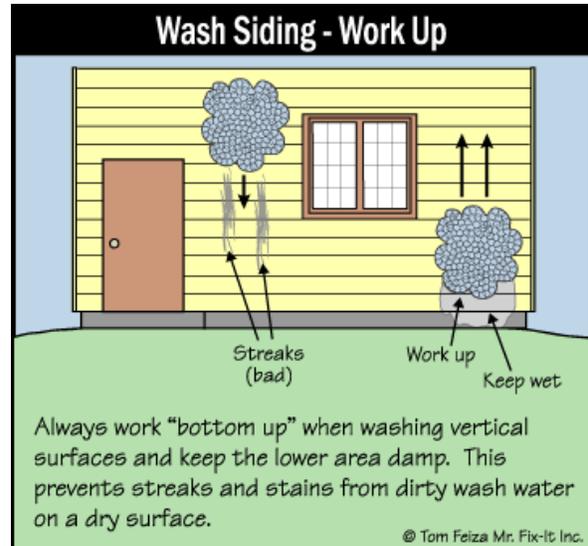


My Siding Is Dirty

All types of siding eventually accumulate dirt and grime, maybe even some mildew. It might make you think you need to paint the siding. But that's not so. Often, it's easy to wash dirt from the surface if the underlying finish is in good shape.

Some professionals use a pressure washer on siding, but that is really overkill. It can damage caulk and force water into the siding.

Try washing your siding with a mild detergent and water. You can wet the surface and then spray with the detergent/water mix in a garden sprayer. Use a soft brush – the kind you use for washing a car – and put the brush on a long pole to make the job easier. Work from the bottom up, and keep wetting the area below the part you're scrubbing to prevent dirty wash water from streaking dry siding. Rinse with clear water.



M040

If your siding has gray, black or green spots, try washing with JO-MAX – a great product for removing mildew. Just follow label directions. You spray the product on the surface, wait and then rinse it off. For tougher dirt, you may need to scrub a little.

You will be surprised at how a little elbow grease and detergent can make your siding look like new.

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Mr. Fix-It Home Tips

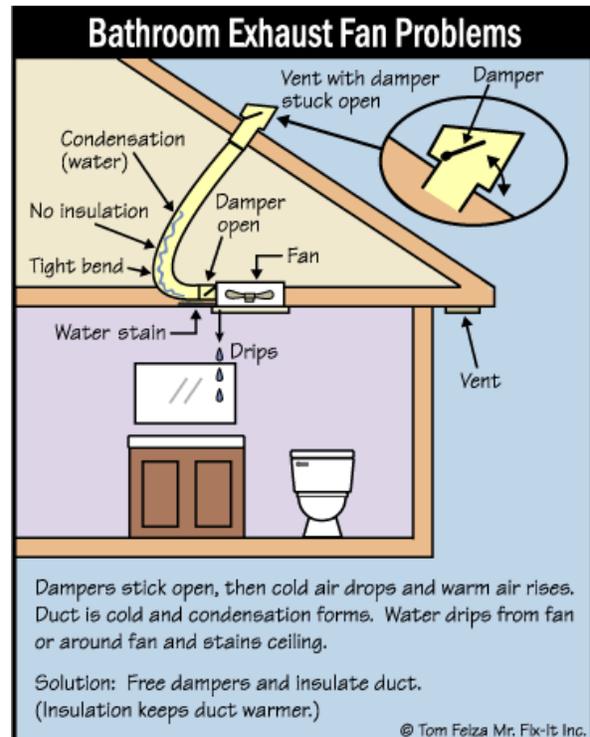
Tom Feiza's Tips For Operating Your Home

Fixing a Drip at the Bathroom Fan

So you run the bath exhaust fan to remove moisture – but then you get that drip, drip, drip from the fan on your nice clean rug. Bath exhaust fans should not drip. If yours does, there's something wrong with it.

First, check the exhaust ducting or tubing; it should be insulated, straight and vented to the outside. There should be a minimum of bends for proper air flow. If there is no insulation around the duct, the problem could be condensation in the cold duct. Adding insulation around the duct may solve the problem.

The fan's damper can also get stuck in the open position, allowing hot air into the cool duct and creating condensation. Check the small damper at the fan. It should open when the fan is on and close when the fan turns off. This damper responds to fan pressure and gravity. Most vent connectors through the roof or side wall should also have a damper to



V007

keep cold air out, and it should open and close with fan operation.

For many years, contractors installed bath fan vent ducting incorrectly, creating a bend or low loop to catch condensation. This just allows water to accumulate and may cause a large leak when the water lets go.

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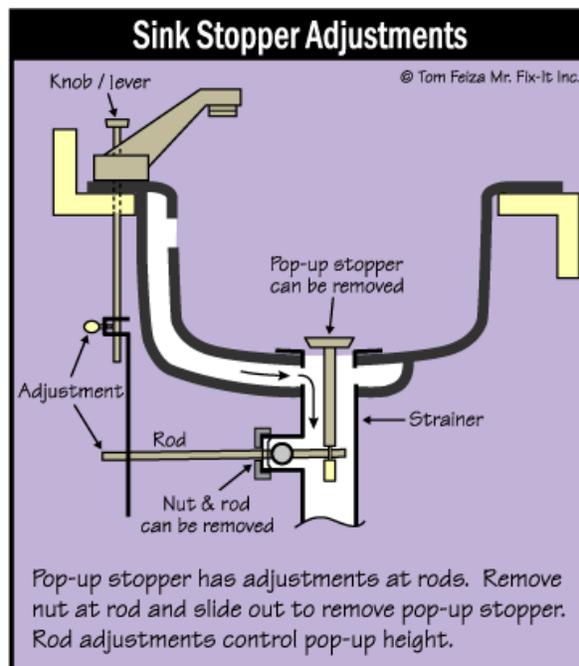


Sink Stopper Adjustments

Pop-Up Stopper Sticks

Most bathroom sinks have a “pop-up” sink stopper that opens and closes when you operate a small knob or lever built into the faucet. Push it down and the stopper pops up to drain the sink; lift it up and the stopper closes.

Most of these mechanisms need adjustments from time to time, and many are never set just right in the first place. Take a look at the illustration. The rod at the rear of the sink will allow adjustment where the metal strap with holes attaches to the stopper rod. The rod can be placed in holes at different heights to raise or lower the mechanism. The perforated rod also allows a sliding adjustment where it is attached to the solid rod that goes up through the sink.



P097

If the sink is plugged, place a bucket below the sink, then loosen the nut and pull back the rod for the pop-up stopper at the tail piece of the sink drain. (A little water may leak out.) This will disconnect the pop-up stopper, and you can remove it to clear out debris that always collects here.

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United States
**CONSUMER
PRODUCT SAFETY
COMMISSION**

CPSC Recalls

JUNE 23, 2022



MTD Products Recalls Troy-Bilt Spacesavr Walk-Behind Self-Propelled Lawn Mowers Due to Fire Hazard

Hazard:

The mower can leak fuel when it is stored in the upright (vertical) storage position, posing a fire hazard.

Remedy:

Consumers should stop using the mower, store the mower horizontally only and contact the store where purchased or Troy-Bilt to receive a full refund.

Units:

About 1,774

Consumer Contact:

Website: https://www.troybilt.com/en_US/recall-space-saver-mower-2022.html

Phone: (888) 848-6038

JUNE 30, 2022



Laars Heating Systems Company Recalls Residential Boilers Due to Carbon Monoxide Hazard

Hazard:

The blocked vent temperature switch (BVTS) can malfunction, which can cause the release of gases, including carbon monoxide (CO), into consumers' homes, posing a risk of carbon monoxide poisoning.

Remedy:

Consumers should immediately contact Laars Heating Systems Company to arrange to have a certified technician install repairs at no cost to the consumer. Consumers who continue use of the boiler while awaiting repair should have working carbon monoxide alarms on every level of the home and outside of sleeping areas. The firm is contacting all known purchasers.

Units:

About 545 (In addition, about 26 were sold in Canada)

Consumer Contact:

Website: <http://www.laars.com/voluntary-recall>

E-mail: warranty@laars.com

Phone: (888) 454-3223

JUNE 16, 2022



Schneider Electric™ Recalls 1.4 Million Electrical Panels Due to Thermal Burn and Fire Hazards

Hazard:

The load center can overheat, posing thermal burn and fire hazards.

Remedy:

Schneider Electric is directly contacting all known retailers, distributors, homeowners, and any other individuals that purchased or installed the recalled product. All purchasers and installers should immediately contact Schneider Electric to arrange to have the recalled load centers inspected by trained electricians to determine if replacement or repair is required. This inspection and any resulting replacement or repair are free of charge.

Consumers can find the catalog number and date code on indoor load centers inside the door of the panel. Consumers should immediately contact Schneider Electric to arrange to have the recalled load center inspected by a trained electrician to determine if repair is required. This inspection and any resulting repair is free of charge. Consumers who continue to use the load centers while awaiting the free repair should have working smoke alarms in their homes.

For uninstalled products, consumers should contact Schneider Electric for a free repair or replacement.

Units:

About 1.4 million (In addition, 289,000 were sold in Canada)

Consumer Contact:

Website: <http://www.se.com/us/qoloadcenter-safetyrecallnotice>

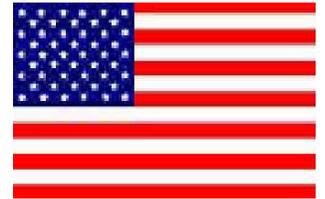
Phone: (888) 778-2733

**Contact CAHI c/o
James Enowitch
34-3 Shunpike Rd. #236
Cromwell, CT 06416**

Email: info@ctinspectors.com

Web: www.ctinspectors.com

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		Scott Monforte		
		Joseph Pelliccio		
		Pete Petrino		
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		They have served as our primary leaders and in other capacities since 1992.		
		Please thank them for their service when you have a chance.		

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